

Lov om straff for handlinger som påtales ved riksstret.

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Extract from:

Act no 1 of 5 February 1932 relating to Punishment for Offences Indicted before the Court of Impeachment

Chapter 2. Special provisions concerning penal liability for Members of the Council of State and the Storting

§ 8

A Member of the Council of State may be punished by fines or detention (*custodia honesta*) or imprisonment up to 5 years if he, by an act of commission or omission, is instrumental in, or accessory to, causing

- a) a matter, which requires a decision by the Storting, to be effected without the consent of the Storting;
- b) a decision of the Storting not to be implemented or an act to be committed in contravention of a decision by the Storting;
- c) minutes, documents or information material, which are to be conveyed to the Storting, to be withheld, or State Accounts not to be submitted to the National Audit as laid down in Article 75, litra k, of the Constitution.

§ 9

If during the proceedings on a matter a Member of the Council of State wilfully fails to submit information which he understands, or ought to understand, may have an important bearing on the matter, or if he wilfully gives incorrect information, he shall be punished by fines, detention (*custodia honesta*) or imprisonment up to 5 years.

If the offence has been committed through negligence, the punishment for the said offence shall be fines or detention (*custodia honesta*) up to 2 years.

§ 10

A Member of the Council of State who is instrumental in or accessory to an improper use or management of government property or other funds, or who in other ways is demonstrably unfit or

negligent in his work shall be punished by fines or by detention (custodia honesta) up to 2 years.

§ 11

A Member of the Council of State who, otherwise than mentioned in the other provisions of this Act, by an act of commission or omission, is instrumental in, or accessory to, anything contrary to the Constitution or the laws of the Realm or obviously harmful to the Realm, shall be punished by fines or by detention (custodia honesta) or imprisonment up to 10 years.

The same punishment shall be applied to those Members of the Council of State who neglect the duty incumbent upon them under Article 39 of the Constitution with reference to the summoning of the Storting. [If his neglect amounts to a felony as referred to in § 15 of this Act, he shall be punished as prescribed in that section.]

§ 12

A Member of the Storting, who without lawful excuse fails to attend the Storting when it convenes, shall be punished by fines. A representative who without valid reason wilfully fails to participate in the proceedings of the Storting, or who does not comply with the rules of procedure of the Storting, shall be punished in the same manner.

§ 13

If any Member of the Storting wilfully omits to provide information which it is his duty to report to the Storting, or if he wilfully provides incorrect information, he shall be punished by fines or by detention (custodia honesta) or imprisonment up to 5 years.

§ 14

If any Member of the Council of State or of the Storting is guilty of such felony as mentioned in § 121 in the General Civil Penal Code, he shall be punished with fines or with detention (custodia honesta) or imprisonment up to 5 years.

§ 15

x) → (Repealed by Act no 6 of 15 December 1950)