Act relating to the implementation of the Convention on the prohibition of the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of anti-personnel mines and on their destruction

The Convention entered into force on 1 March 1999 after having been ratified by 65 countries.

§ 1. It is prohibited to use, develop, produce, acquire, stockpile or transfer anti-personnel mines contrary to the Convention of 18 September 1997 on the prohibition of the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of anti-personnel mines and on their destruction.

The King may issue further provisions for the purpose of fulfilling Norway’s obligations under the Convention.

§ 2. Any person who is entitled to immunities and privileges under the Convention shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Norwegian law, enjoy immunities and privileges in accordance with the provisions of the Convention.

§ 3. Inspections of areas and installations may be undertaken in so far as it is necessary to fulfil Norway’s obligations under the Convention.

The King may issue further provisions concerning the implementation of such local inspections.

§ 4. This Act also applies to Svalbard, Jan Mayen and the Norwegian dependencies.

§ 5. Any person who contravenes this Act or regulations issued pursuant thereto is liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years. A negligent act is punishable by a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. An accomplice shall be liable to the same penalty.

In special cases, the King may issue further provisions concerning exemption from criminal prosecution pursuant to this Act and section 107 of the Military Penal Code of 22 May 1902.

§ 6. This Act enters into force on the date on which the Convention enters into force for Norway.

§ 7. As from the date on which this Act enters into force, Act of 22 May 1902 No. 10 is amended as follows:---